

hp calculators

HP 10s Solving Problems Involving Percents

Percentages

Practice Working Problems Involving Percentages



HP 10s Solving Problems Involving Percents

Percentages

The <u>percentage</u> is defined as the number of parts for each hundred, and is usually abbreviated as *percent*. Its symbol is %. A percentage can also be thought as a fraction multiplied by 100. For example, 25 percent is written 25%, and is 0.25 (one quarter) multiplied by 100.

Percentages are used extensively in business, for example to specify bank rate, interest rates, tax rates, to get a markup or a discount price, etc. Percentages are also used outside the business world – scientific or engineering measurements, results, and uncertainties are stated as percentages.

Practice working problems involving percentages

Example 1: What is 18% of \$1,525.95? And 25% of \$1,525.95?

<u>Solution:</u> In general, the *n* percent **of** an amount is obtained by *multiplying* this amount by the percent *n*. In our case, the first calculation is 1525.95 × 18%:

	5 × 1 8 SHIFT 9	=
--	-----------------	---

Note that in this example "x %" is mathematically equivalent to "x divided by 100." So, we can also solve this problem by pressing:

1	8	SHIFT %	x	1	5	2	5	•	9	5	=	
---	---	---------	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	--

- Answer: The percents are 274.67 and 381.49 when written to the nearest cent.
- Example 2: What is 18% added to \$1,525.95?
- Solution: In general, *n* percent **added** to a number can be calculated by multiplying this number by (1 + n %). But, the HP 10s provides a shortcut: simply *add* the given amount to its n %:

$1 5 2 5 \cdot 9 5 + 1 8 \text{SHFT}\% =$

When the % key is pressed, the 18% of 1525.95 is displayed. Then, the 🛛 key carries out the addition.

- Answer: 1,800.62 when written to the nearest cent.
- Example 3: The local grocery store is offering 8% off all tinned foods this week. What will be the cost of buying 5 tins that normally cost \$1.85 each?
- <u>Solution:</u> We will use the method used in Example 2. The only difference is that we have to subtract the percentage instead of adding it:

1 • 8 5 × 5 = - 8 SHFT % =

<u>Answer:</u> 8% subtracted from 5 times \$1.85 gives a price of \$8.51 for the 5 tins.

hp calculators

HP 10s Solving Problems Involving Percents

Example 4: Calculate the number that is 10% greater than 25.

<u>Solution:</u> 2 5 + 1 0 SHIFT % =

- Answer: 27.5
- Example 5: Just before Christmas, Jordy's fish shop marked up its lobster, which had a wholesale cost of \$15 per pound, by 40%. After Christmas, they have marked the lobster down by 11% for a special sale. What is the sale price of this product?
- <u>Solution:</u> We will link two percent calculations this time:

15+40 SHFT % = -11 SHFT % =

- Answer: \$18.69 per pound.
- Example 6: An investor has \$2,804 and \$25,755 in two market-tracking investment portfolios. The market gains 0.7% overnight. What is the new total value of the investor's portfolios?
- <u>Solution:</u> The original total value is first calculated by adding the value of the two investments. Then 0.7 % is calculated as in Example 2:

2 8 0 4 + 2 5 7 5 5 = + · 7 SHFT % =

Answer: The investor's portfolios are worth \$28,758.91 this morning.

- Example 7: Find the percent of increase of your rent 15 years ago (\$75 per month) to today (\$320 per month).
- <u>Solution:</u> This is another percent change calculation, which we can solve using the above formula:

 $75 - 320 = \div 75 \times 100 =$

but, using the $\operatorname{inj} U$ key is a bit faster, though:

 $75 - 320 = \div 75$ SHFT % =

<u>Answer:</u> The percent increase is 326.67%. Note that the result is again negative because the change is calculated as a percentage of the former rent, i.e. N = 75.

hp calculators

HP 10s Solving Problems Involving Percents

Example 11: If 27 out of 1300 units fail a test, what percentage failed?

Solution: What we must calculate is the *percent of total*. If the partial value is P and the total is T then the percent total %T is:



 $27 \div 1300$ $LDT_J U$ (or $27 \div 1300$ ($\times 1000$).

Answer: 2.08% failed the test.

Example 12: Total assets for Hydroid Company are \$1,675,840. The firm has inventories of \$234,578. What percentage of total assets is inventory?

<u>Solution:</u> 234578÷1675840^{LDTJ}Ú

- <u>Answer:</u> 14.00 %
- Example 13: Last year, Hydroid Company incurred salary expenses that were 45% of operating expenses. If operating expenses were \$76,349, what were salary expenses?
- Solution: Salary expenses (P) are the operating expenses (T) multiplied by 45% and divided by 100:

7	6	3	4	9	×	4	5	÷	1	0	0	or	this	shor	ter a	alterr	native:
7	6	3	4	9	×	4	5	ן רעט	ÚÐ								

- <u>Answer:</u> \$34,357.05
- Example 14: Tony borrows \$1,250 from a relative, and agrees to repay the loan in a year with 7% simple interest. How much money will Tony owe?
- Solution: The total amount is the result of adding the loan to the interest of the loan.

1	2	5	0	+	7) Tu nu)
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

- <u>Answer:</u> \$1,337.50 is the amount that Tony must repay at the end of one year.
- Example 15: The profit on a \$895 sale is 237_8 %. Calculate how much Gene will receive from the sale if his share on the profit is 172_3 %.
- <u>Solution:</u> To find the profit, press:

 $895 \times 23 \times 7 \times 8 \operatorname{LDT} \dot{U}$

Gene's share is calculated by pressing:

Answer: Gene's share of the total profit is \$37.75